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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/673,185	10/12/2000	Igor Philip Passos Proglhof	J&J 1796 3467			
75	90 10/24/2003		EXAMINER			
	Audley A Ciamporcero			ANDERSON, CATHARINE L		
One Johnson & Johnson Plaza New Brunswick, NJ 08933-7003			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	,		3761			
			DATE MAILED: 10/24/2003			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)		
Office Action St	Office Action Summary			PROGLHOF, IGOR PHILIP PASSOS		
Office Action 30				Art Unit		
		C. Lynne Andersor		3761		
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	this communication ap	ppears on the cover s	sheet with the co	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTOR THE MAILING DATE OF THI - Extensions of time may be available urafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailin - If the period for reply specified above irall find period for reply is specified above irall find period for reply is specified above. - Failure to reply within the set or extend any reply received by the Office later transpared patent term adjustment. See 3	S COMMUNICATION noter the provisions of 37 CFR 1 g date of this communication. s less than thirty (30) days, a ree, the maximum statutory period ded period for reply will, by statuthan three months after the mailing	136(a). In no event, however ply within the statutory minim d will apply and will expire SI te, cause the application to b	er, may a reply be tim num of thirty (30) days X (6) MONTHS from t become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. he mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
1) Responsive to commi	unication(s) filed on <u>20</u>	August 2003 .	•			
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b)□ T	his action is non-fin	al.			
3) Since this application	is in condition for allow	wance except for for	mal matters, pr	osecution as to the ments is		
closed in accordance Disposition of Claims	with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 14-2</u>	<u>4</u> is/are pending in the	application.				
4a) Of the above claim	(s) is/are withdr	awn from considerat	tion.			
5) Claim(s) is/are	allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 14-2</u> 4	<u>4</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are	objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are su	bject to restriction and	or election requiren	nent.			
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objection				,		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration		Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119						
13) Acknowledgment is m	ade of a claim for forei	gn priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a)⊠ All b)⊡ Some * c)	☐ None of:					
1. ☐ Certified copies	of the priority docume	nts have been recei	ved.			
2. Certified copies	of the priority docume	nts have been recei	ved in Applicati	on No		
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of 15)☐ Acknowledgment is ma	the foreign language p	orovisional applicatio	on has been rec	eived.		
Attachment(s)	de of a cialiff for doffie	stio priority under of	. 5.5.5. 33 120	r dijur 01 12 1.		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO	-892)	4) 🗍	Interview Summar	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s)		
Notice of Neterenees Cited (170 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent D Information Disclosure Statement	rawing Review (PTO-948)	5) 🔲		Patent Application (PTO-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 9, 14-17, and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pietsch (DE 24 23 790) in view of Leutwyler et al. (5,911,712).

Pietsch discloses all aspects of the claimed invention with the exception of the tampon comprising a rolled up web of material being compressed to form pleats.

Pietsch discloses a tampon, as shown in figure 1, having a removal cord comprising synthetic fibers, as described on page 5, lines 25-28. The removal cord is heat shrunk to 20% of its original size, as described on page 5, lines 1-4. In use the removal cord is extended to its original size, as described on page 5, lines 18-24, and therefore has an extensibility of 80%. Shrinking the removal cord keeps the removal cord from being damaged during further processing, as described on page 5, lines 4-10. The shrinking of the removal cord is fully capable of preventing damage during a further processing step involving compression.

With respect to claims 14-17, the texture of the removal cord created by the heat crimping causes the removal cord to inherently have a two-phase tensile stress-strain curve having an inflection point between the two phases. All stress-strain curves have a

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Young's modulus, and the Young's modulus for the first phase will be smaller than that of the second phase.

With respect to claims 23 and 24, the removal cord has an interior portion and an exterior portion, the interior portion being contained within the body of the tampon, as shown in figure 1, and described on page 8, lines 17-30.

Leutwyler discloses a tampon 20, as shown in figure 1, comprising a rolled up web of absorbent material, as described in column 5, lines 14-16. The tampon 20 is compressed in a manner that pleats the web, as described in column 5, lines 16-25, forming ribs 64 and longitudinal grooves 180, as shown in figure 5. The formation of the ribs 64 and longitudinal grooves 180 helps prevent leakage, as described in column 4, lines 5-10.

It would therefore be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to construct the tampon of Pietsch with the rolled up, grooved configuration of Leutwyler, in order to reduce leakage.

Claims 5-8 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pietsch (DE 24 23 790) in view of Leutwyler et al. (5,911,712) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Brown et al. (6,142,984).

With respect to claims 5, 6, 11, 12, 18, and 19, Pietsch discloses all aspects of the claimed invention but remains silent as to the design of the texture. Brown discloses a tampon comprising a removal cord having a texture, making the removal cord easier to grip, and therefore use, as described in column 1, lines 44-46. The removal cord may be textured by crocheting, as disclosed in column 2, lines 35-39,

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which results in a helical texture, or by braiding, as disclosed in column 2, lines 35-39, which results in a zigzag texture.

It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to construct the removal cord of Peitsch with the texture of Brown to allow for easier use of the tampon.

With respect to claims 7 and 8, Peitsch discloses all aspects of the claimed invention but remains silent as to the number of cables and fibers in the removal cord. Brown discloses a tampon comprising a removal cord constructed of two or more cables, as described in column 3, lines 65-67. The cables comprise 50 fibers, as disclosed in column 4, lines 11-13. This results in a removal cord having a desirable denier, having substantial strength to withstand pulling during removal of the tampon.

It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to construct the removal cord of Peitsch with the number of cables and fibers taught by Brown, in order to have a substantially strong removal cord.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 20 August 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that Pietsch fails to disclose the cord having an extensibility of greater than about 25% to prevent damage to the cord during compression, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is

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capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). The claimed invention fails to recite structural difference that would make the claimed invention patentably distinguishable over the tampon and cord disclosed by Pietsch. The extensibility of greater than about 25% of the cord of Pietsch is fully capable of protecting the cord during compression.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Lynne Anderson whose telephone number is (703) 306-5716. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on (703) 308-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

cla

October 22, 2003

WEILUN LO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700